### West Virginia University

Department of Transportation Drug & Alcohol Testing Program



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### **QUESTIONS TO BE ANSWERED**

WHY?
WHO?
WHAT?
WHEN?
WHERE?



# WHY?







#### WVU receives Federal assistance from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA)

49 U.S.C. 5337



#### West Virginia University:

- Values a safe and efficient working environment
- Will not tolerate any risk to safety, quality or productivity



# WHO?



## Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration (FMCSA) Safety-Sensitive (SS) Positions:



FMCSA, Safety-Sensitive (SS) Positions:
all time at an employer or shipper plant, terminal, facility;
all time inspecting equipment or otherwise

inspecting, servicing, or conditioning;



#### FMCSA, Safety-Sensitive Positions:

- all time spent at the driving controls of a commercial motor vehicle (CMV) in operation;
- all time loading or unloading a vehicle, supervising, or assisting
  all time repairing

#### FMCSA, Safety-Sensitive Functions:

- Drivers with Commercial Drivers License (CDL) operating CMVs on public roads when they are:
  - Driving or required to be ready to <u>drive</u>
  - Waiting to be dispatched



#### FMCSA, Safety-Sensitive Functions:

- CDL drivers operating CMVs on public roads when they are:
  - Inspecting, repairing, securing assistance, loading or unloading the CMV
- Covers mechanics, dispatchers, etc. if they may be required to drive a CMV at any time

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#### Volunteers A volunteer is a covered employee if: he/she is required to hold a commercial driver's license he/she performs a safety-sensitive function



#### Affected Departments:

- Transportation Services
- Mechanical & Aerospace Engineering
- Facilities Management
- Athletics
- Agriculture & Forestry



# WHAT?



Drugs Tested:

- Marijuana
- Cocaine
- Amphetamines, Methamphetamine, and



#### **Drugs Tested:**

- Opioids [Codeine, Morphine, and Heroin.]
- Phencyclidine (PCP)

Use of these substances are prohibited at all times Prohibitions may be added (and include certain over-the-counter medications)



#### **Regulation updates**

 DOT amendments include –
 add methlenedioxyamphetamine as an initial test analyte; and remove methylenedioxyethylamphetamine as a confirmatory test analyte.



#### **Regulation updates**

 DOT amended its drug-testing program regulations to add the following to the drug testing panel –

- Hydrocodone
- Hydromorphone
- Oxymorphone
- Oxycodone



#### Alcohol Testing



## WHEN?



### Types of Testing:

- Pre-employment
- Random
- Post Accident
- Reasonable Suspicion



### **Types of Testing:**

Under certain circumstances, testing is conducted for:

- Return to Duty
- Follow-up

Both are subject to testing under direct observation



#### **Pre-Employment:**

Occurs prior to hire or transfer into a safety-sensitive function

Requires negative test result



Pre-Employment:
Negative test results must be received prior to performance of safety sensitive functions



#### **Pre-Employment:**

 Must be conducted when an employee has been absent from work 30+ days, when removed from pool



WVU has a Third Party Administrator to manage the random selection process



#### Random Testing:

- Unannounced and unpredictable
- Reasonably spread through calendar year
- At all times of day



## Random Testing: Use of a scientifically valid method in which each covered employee has an equal chance of being selected for testing



Random Testing Policy Provisions:Random testing rate\*

- 50% drugs
- 10% alcohol



\*subject to change

#### **Random Testing Policy Provisions**

- Availability for Testing:
  - Random **drug** testing must occur anytime an employee is on duty
  - Random alcohol testing must only be conducted just before, during, just after performance

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#### **Random Testing**

- Availability for Testing:
  - Testing time counts against Hours of Service







Post-Accident Testing:
Covered employees will be tested when:
performance either contributed to an accident <u>or</u>

 cannot be completely discounted as a contributing factor to the accident



Post-Accident Testing: (Decision Maker is Key)• Fatality – REQUIRED



## Post-Accident Testing:Non-Fatal:

• Operator receives moving traffic citation and the following occurs,

- medical attention away from scene
- vehicle w/disabling damage, causing towing



#### **Post-Accident: Time Requirement**

As soon as practicable following an occurrence, operator dismissed and medical attention provided

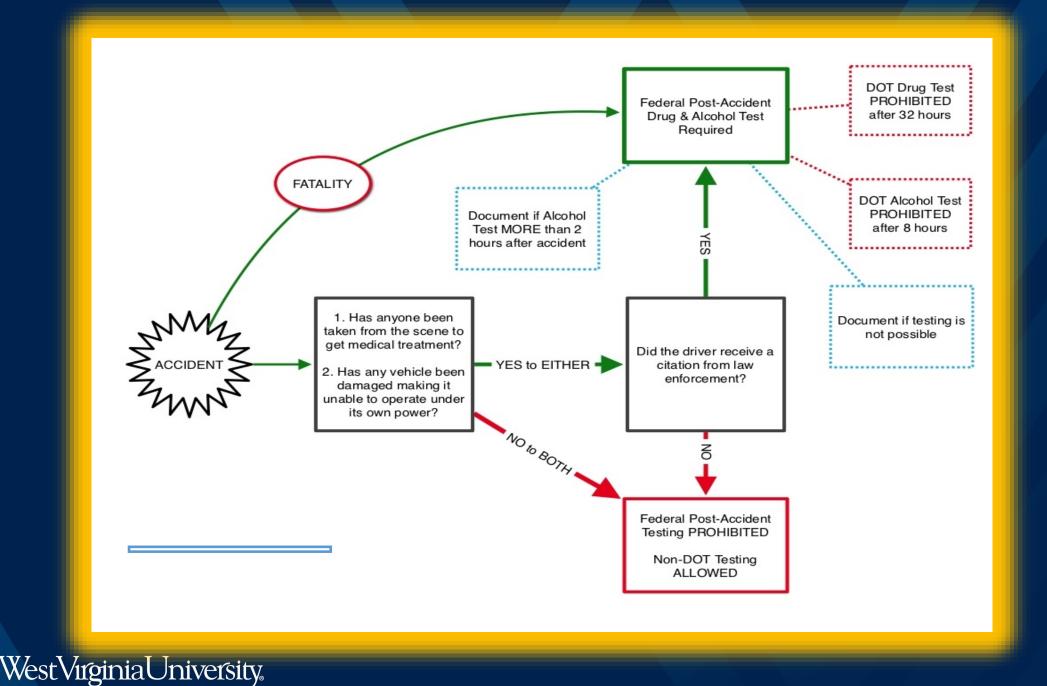
AND Citation issued



## **Post-Accident: Time Requirement**

- Documentation required:
  - If 8 hours elapse (e.g. the citation is not promptly issued), no alcohol testing
  - If 32 hours elapse, no drug testing





Reasonable Suspicion Testing Occurs when a company official, based on their training, believes the employee shows signs of drug abuse and/or alcohol misuse.



### **Reasonable Suspicion**

 For both drugs and alcohol, decision made ONLY on specific, contemporaneous, articulable observations concerning appearance, behavior, speech or body odors



## **Reasonable Suspicion**

 Written report w/in 24 hours of observed behavior or before results of test are released if earlier than 24 hrs



## A key tool is the Check list



#### Review the Reasonable Suspicion Determination Checklist



## **Zero Tolerance**

- The University has a zero tolerance policy
- Return to duty and follow-up testing
- 2.5.5.2 The University does allow for selfdisclosure, this is also outlined in section 2.10 of policy



### Self Disclosure

- 2.10.3 A covered employee's selfdisclosure to the DER shall:
  - occur prior to the covered employee reporting for duty
  - not be made in an attempt to avoid a required drug or alcohol test



## Self-Disclosure

#### (continued)

require covered employee to initiate an assessment through the FSAP within three (3) business days
require the University to remove from safety-sensitive functions



#### Return-to-duty and Follow up Testing

If WVU hires employee who is under a Substance Abuse Professionals (SAP) plan-

- employee must take a DOT return-to-duty test prior to returning to safety-sensitive functions
- employee will be subject to a minimum of 6 unannounced follow-up tests in the first 12 months



#### Return-to-duty and Follow up Testing

- Follow-up testing may occur for up to 60 months
- All testing must be conducted under direct observation



# WHERE?



## **Collection Sites:**

- MedExpress
- LabCorp
- Wedgwood Family Practice
- Whitehall Medical



## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION



## **Employment Requirements**

- Position description must include safety sensitive functions
- Position must be posted with drug testing (DT) requirement indicated
- Previous employer release is required and reviewed
- DOT Background check completed



### **Employment Requirements**

- Contingent offer made
- Employees meet with Talent Strategy, DER or Program Manager
- Pre-employment drug testing is conducted, negative result is required
- Onboarding, required training programs completed, etc.

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## **Pre-Employment D&A Test History**

- 3 year review of history for interstate drivers
- 49 CFR Section 391.23
   Investigations & Inquiries
  - 3-yr state driving records
  - 3-yr safety performance from all employers



## **Pre-Employment D&A Test History**

- 49 CFR Section 391.23 Investigations & Inquiries
  - 3-yr alcohol and controlled substance violations from all employers
  - Same information as Part 40 requirements
- 2-year requirements for intra-state drivers (Section 40.25)

## **Alcohol Standards**

- No performing covered activity if BAC 0.04 or greater
- No drinking 4 hours before SS duties
- **24-hour** mandatory off-duty after BAC between 0.02 and 0.039



## **Prescription Medications**

- Drivers cannot operate unless advised by licensed medical practitioner that Rx/OTC prescription will not impact ability to safely operate 382.213(a)
- Employers may require drivers to inform the employer of any therapeutic drug use 382.213(c) – Include in policy



#### **Prescription Medications:**

- Have conversation with your physician regarding medications listed for DOT drug testing
- FTA Prescription and Over-the-Counter Medications Toolkit, well-regarded by MROs



## **Medical Examiners Certificate**

- Must be physically qualified to drive a CMV
- Maintain CDL license and certification
- Medical examinations (Long Form) completed by DOT certified physician on National Registry
- Maintain current medical card and renewals, as required
- Contact DER with questions or concerns

# Final Rule in Federal Register (82 FR 52229)

- Effective January 1, 2018
- Key Changes: Adds 4 semi-synthetic opioids (hydrocodone, oxycodone, hydromorphone, oxymorphone)
- Adds methylenedioxyamphetamine (MDA)
- Removes methylenedioxyethylamphetaime (MDEA)
- Modifies timing for Medical Review Officers (MROs) to communicate a significant safety risk or medically unqualified decision

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## **DOT Medical Examiners Certificate**

- WVU Occupational Medicine conducts
  - DOT Medical examinations for renewals on medical cards
  - DOT evaluations for release to return to work
  - Phone: 304-293-3693
  - Location: CPASS Building

